



مستشفى كينجز كوليدج لندن
King's College Hospital London



NUT AWARENESS POLICY AY 2022-23

AIM: (final result we are aiming to achieve):

To raise awareness regarding severe allergies and to provide a safe learning environment for all members of The English College School.

RATIONALE: (The reason for which this policy has been written)

This policy provides clear instructions and guidance on the management of allergies to the EC community. This includes the responsibilities of students, parents and staff and the role of the Kings College Hospital Team in relation to gathering and recording information, the safe storage, administration and recording of administered medication.

GUIDELINES: (The principles/instructions/steps of the policy)

Parents and Caregivers:

- Are requested not to send food to school that contains nuts. This includes peanut, paste, Nutella, all nuts and cooking oil containing nuts.
- Must not send boxes that have previously contained nut products, e.g. cereal boxes, muesli bars with nuts, cake boxes, biscuits.
- Must inform the Clinic Team of any allergies that children have diagnosed.
- Must ensure that medicines are stored with the Clinic and not left in the possession of children.

Students:

- Must not share food.
- Are encouraged to wash their hands after eating.

EC Staff (including Clinic Team):

- Will comply with TEC's Nut Free School Policy.
- In the event that staff identify nut products in the classroom whilst supervising lunch breaks, the identified child will be sent to the clinic for further evaluation and care. All children will be required to wash their hands.
- Staff will be made aware of students and staff who have anaphylactic responses, including nut allergies, via the student medical condition & allergies spreadsheet. This information will also be recorded on iSAMS for students.
- Alert the Clinic Team to allergic reactions immediately, providing comprehensive information on the incident to allow the Clinic Team to respond appropriately.

- Relevant staff, identified by the Clinic, will participate in First Aid training to understand and deal with Anaphylaxis (severe allergic reactions) as the need arises.
- The Clinic Team will share information with school catering providers to ensure that they understand and comply with the **Nut Awareness Policy**.

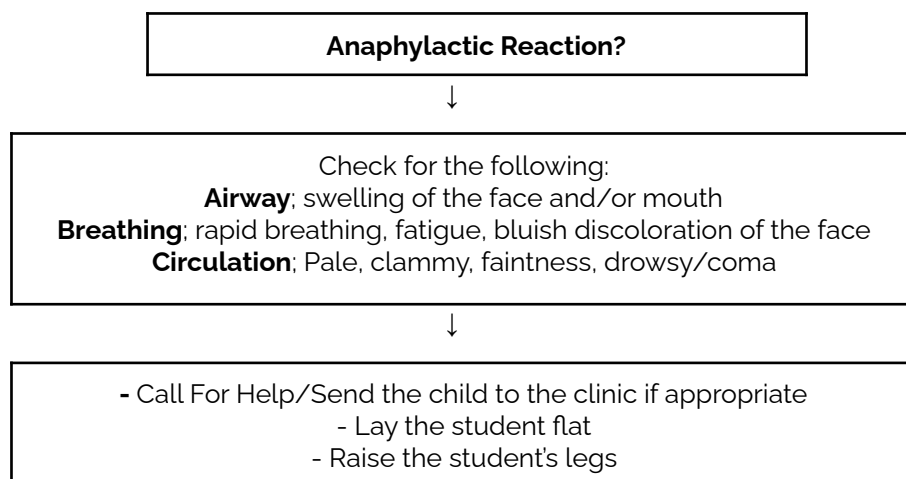
The policy will be promoted by:

- Informing parents and caregivers via iSAMS at the start of each school year, as an inclusion in the Parent Handbook and the policy will be available on the school's website.
- All staff will be reminded of their duty of care as part of annual Induction and relevant staff will be provided with training delivered by the Clinic Team.
- Students will be informed and educated via teachers.

Management of Students with Nut Allergies:

- Information regarding student allergies is gathered as part of the admissions process on entry to school, either directly from parents or through the medical records transfer from the transferring school.
- Annually parents are requested to update their child's health status via the Clinic Team focused communications.
- Parents receive regular communications regarding the sharing of information with the Clinic Team on medical needs through the student sickness process and other general comms.
- Students identified as having an anaphylaxis as a result of a nut allergy will be required to submit a Health Care Plan, to the Clinic, from their treating Physician - The Clinic Team will liaise with parents on this.
- Clear instructions as per the Healthcare Plan are distributed to the:
 - Student's Medical File
 - Relevant academic Staff
- EpiPens are stored in the school clinic under each child's name. There is a spare EpiPen in the school clinic for use in an emergency.
- The Clinic Team is responsible for checking the expiration date of EpiPens regularly and in advance of expiry will contact the parent to make arrangements for new medication to be provided to the Clinic.
- It is essential that when the Clinic Team is called to respond to an incident that details of the medical emergency are provided to allow them to respond with the appropriate equipment.

What to do if you have witnessed someone having an Anaphylactic Shock?



TEC has 28 First Aid trained staff - details of which can be found on the Staff Intranet Site or on posters situated across the school site.

The school acknowledges that due to food processing practices it is impractical to eliminate nuts or nut products entirely from an environment where there is food. Many food packaging labels include the phrase "may contain traces of nuts". Foods with packaging labels that contain the phrase "may contain traces of nuts" are acceptable.

Please read labels carefully to help keep our students and staff safe.

FAQs

<p>What is Anaphylactic Shock?</p>	<p>An anaphylactic shock reaction is a very severe and sometimes life-threatening reaction that occurs when some people are exposed to products e.g. peanuts, dairy, eggs, fish and sesame seeds to name a few.</p>
<p>How is Anaphylactic Reaction Treated?</p>	<p>All children who have an anaphylactic reaction have an Emergency Plan that we also use at school to ensure the most effective treatment is provided for any of the children concerned. This will involve administering an adrenaline injection, giving antihistamine, and calling an ambulance.</p>
<p>Why are we a nut aware environment?</p>	<p>We currently have children who have anaphylactic reactions to nuts. These reactions can be triggered by contact, ingestion, or inhalation. There is also a huge concern in regard to contamination of equipment whether this is play equipment, desks or other classroom materials. For example, if a child ate a peanut butter or Nutella sandwich and touched the play equipment, a child with a severe allergy could suffer an anaphylactic reaction from touching the same equipment. The resulting medical emergency could be avoided by minimising exposure to nuts.</p> <p>Two of the hardest things for parents of a child at risk of anaphylaxis to do are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Send their child to school and try to allow them to have as normal childhood as possible. - Get other people to believe just how real this allergic reaction can be. Often other people believe that parents are overreacting and neurotic. <p>Unfortunately, when we have a child at risk of anaphylaxis, we can never afford to be blasé. We are requesting that families try to understand this situation and assist us to minimise risk of exposure of these children to nuts by not sending foods to school that contain nuts.</p>
<p>What kind of foods / products are identified as presenting a high risk</p>	<p>Foods:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ Nutella ✓ Peanut paste ✓ Nuts

<p>for students with a severe allergy to nuts?</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ Any snacks including nuts <p>Products:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ Cereal boxes ✓ Muesli bars with nuts ✓ Cake boxes ✓ Biscuits ✓ Any boxes that have previously contained nut products
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POLICY REVIEW HISTORY:

This policy will be monitored, evaluated, reviewed and approved by the Whole School Leadership Team in collaboration with the KCH Clinic Team.

Historical Record				
Revision No.	Date	Brief Description of Change	Approved by	Next Review:
1	11.11.22	Updated template & content	WSLT	07/2023